













14th International Congress on the Archaeology of the Ancient Near East

ABSTRACT SUBMISSION

Rethinking Neolithic Architecture in the South Caucasus: Exploring Diversity and Evolution across Regions

BAUDOUIN E. 1*, BADALYAN R. 2, HELWING B. 3, NISHIAKI Y. 4, PERELLO B. 5

- ¹ Assistant Professor, University Paris Nanterre, Nanterre, France
- ² Institute of Archaeology and Ethnography, Erevan, Armenia
- ³ Vorderasiatisches Museum, Berlin, Germany
- ⁴ The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
- ⁵ Centre nationale de la recherche scientifique, Lyon, France

Abstract

The intensification of archaeological research throughout the South Caucasus over the past twenty years has provided important insights into the Neolithization process in the region. This work has yielded reliable chronological data, allowing changes during the Neolithic to be assessed.

This paper aims to examine a particular aspect of South Caucasian communities: architecture. Through research conducted by various teams in the Kvemo-Kartli plain, the middle Kura Valley, the Ararat plain, Nakhichevan, and the Mil plain, the authors seek, on one hand, to contribute to the debates on the development of architecture in the region and to explore possible connections with the Near Eastern sphere based on strict analytical criteria (materials, construction techniques, building layouts). On the other hand, they wish to examine the chrono-regional evolution of habitat in the South Caucasus to question the homogeneity or, conversely, the diversity of architecture considering research conducted elsewhere on subsistence economy, pottery, and lithic industry.

Keywords

Architecture, techniques, Southern Caucasus, Neolithization

Session

5. Neolithic paths

Workshop

A16440EB - Formation and evolution of the Caucasian Neolithic(s): common background or heterogeneity?

Type of paper

Oral presentation

^{*}Corresponding author